

"ARMIES" GO AFTER PROSPERITY FOLK

Unemployed, Led by Anarchist, Ask the Congress to Show Them Jobs.

POLICE ARE NEEDED TO CLEAR AWAY MOB

Suffragettes Make Next Onslaught on Body, but Officers Are Not Needed to Send Them Home—Col. Harwood Makes Short Speech.

NEW YORK, August 14.—Two rival "armies" descended upon the meeting of the Commercial Travelers' Interstate Prosperity Congress here to-day. First came a horde of grim looking men under the leadership of Alexander Berkman, a professed anarchist, who some years ago shot H. C. Frick, the millionaire, after the Homestead steel strike riots. It was necessary for the police to disperse this "army," and Berkman angrily reviled the police as a lot of "spineless, driving idiots" for not opposing the police.

Berkman and his followers said that they represented 40,000 unemployed workmen, and they came to demand participation in the prosperity Congress said existed.

Hardly less formidable was the second "army" for it was composed of determined suffragettes. They also demanded recognition by the Congress. The police were not called upon to disperse this "army"—diplomacy was used.

Aside from these interruptions, the congress was considered a great success. Speakers from all sections of the country told of returning prosperity in their districts, and it was urged upon the members of the Commercial Travelers' organization that they talk prosperity wherever they went.

Unemployed Come.

After the meeting had been in session for some time a committee from the unemployed workmen asked to be admitted. This was after Berkman and his followers had been expelled. The committee asked that a resolution be adopted, and it was presented. The resolution was accepted, but not presented to the congress. It stated that the most urgent need of the workmen was food and lodging, and that while there was a demand for workmen in the Western States the men had not been out of work so long they did not have clothing or tools or money for transportation to the waiting positions. The resolution was free from bitter language, and stated that the authors of it were in thorough sympathy with the prosperity movement.

Practically every large city in the country was represented at the meeting, either by commercial travelers, representatives of merchants' associations or delegates from boards of trade. Acting Mayor McGowan, of this city, welcomed the participants. Herman A. Metz, controller of New York City, was a speaker, and several other officials attended. C. W. Rye, former past supreme counselor of the United Commercial Travelers of America, and H. O. Gray, president of the Travelers' Protective Association, responded to the speeches.

"Trust every one of the 40,000 members of my organization to do all he can and talk all he can to encourage an entirely hopeful spirit and to induce full confidence everywhere in the business situation," said Mr. Gray.

Colonel Harwood Talks.

Colonel John S. Harwood, of Richmond, Va., said the city was well down in his State, and in all other parts of the South the commercial mists have faded away. J. S. Reynolds, of Augusta, Ga., and Sigmund Hirsch, of this city, spoke in an optimistic vein.

At the afternoon session Henry C. Clegg, the New York banker, spoke on the financial situation. He elicited applause when he said that the combined value of the crops this year would be about \$5,000,000,000. "That means," he added, "that the farmers will have money to burn this fall. Get busy, boys, and show them how to burn it judiciously."

George Fred Williams, of Massachusetts, who was greeted with prolonged cheerings when he rose to speak, took issue with Mr. Clegg on several of his statements. He referred to unemployed workmen who were sought admission to the meeting, and deplored the fact that such a condition of affairs could exist.

"A false notion has crept in our minds that a few may enjoy prosperity when the great mass of people are suffering," he said. He then described the recent panic, and condemned our present banking system, which Mr. Clegg had praised.

Mr. Williams asked Mr. Clegg if he did not think it would be for the best to have the government oversee the banks. The banker said that he approved of most of what Mr. Williams had said.

Scheme for Unemployed.

Mr. Williams continued his speech, advocating a scheme to have the government give employment to the unemployed, and by paying the railroad to not let the railroads be owned by the States.

Other speakers were E. C. Simmons, of St. Louis, president of the National Prosperity Association, and A. H. Eastmond, of this city. Before the session adjourned the speaker in charge of the resolutions reported and it was learned that recognition had been given the "committee of unemployed." The committee deplored the fact that so many men were out of work.

The resolutions offered by the committee described the financial panic as being "partly caused by a lack of confidence in the people controlling the common carriers of the country, in falling to give a fair deal between the strong and powerful shipper as against the small and weak shipper, and State and local legislation by State Legislatures afterwards."

The resolution also says: "The loaning of the depositor's money to favorites of the officials of the banks for speculative purposes was permitted so that merchants could not

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WOULD NOT INDORSE BRYAN

Matter Withdrawn After Heated Discussion in Printers' Meeting.

BOSTON, MASS., August 14.—A resolution that the International Typographical Union indorse the national Democratic platform and candidates, presented at the fifty-fourth annual convention of the union in this city to-day, developed a keen and spirited debate. The resolution was finally withdrawn by request of the president, who suggested that its withdrawal would be preferable to having it defeated, since a defeat would put the union on record as having "thrown out" Bryan.

The resolution was introduced by Delegate Henry West, of Birmingham, Ala. As soon as it was placed before the convention a vigorous and determined argument started.

One delegate declared that the union rules prevented the playing of politics, but President Lynch ruled that the resolution could be discussed. An appeal was taken, but the chair was sustained. Delegate Berry, of Chicago, declared that the Democratic party was the best platform of the year for trade unionists, and advised all the labor men to work individually for the Democratic principles. Victor Berger, of Milwaukee, a Socialist, asked the difference between the Republican and Democratic parties declaring "one was as bad as the other."

Delegate Esty, of Paterson, N. J., eulogized Samuel Gompers, but declared he did not believe that because he was over to the Democrats all should follow like sheep. He then made a plea for the Independence party. Mr. West finally withdrew his resolution.

A declaration of political principles, which contained no reference to parties, was adopted. A resolution that the International Typographical Union sever its connection with the American Federation of Labor and the Canadian Trades and Labor Congress was warmly discussed and defeated.

At the morning session Chief Forester Gifford Pinchot spoke on the necessity of the conservation of the nation's natural resources. The convention is expected to close to-morrow.

FOR ROBBING THE MAI

Amos C. Nolan Had on His Person \$15,000 in Jewelry and Cash.

NEW YORK, August 14.—Laden with merchandise, said to have been taken from the mails, Amos C. Nolan, was arrested to-day, charged with larceny from the mails and turned over to the Federal authorities.

No in excess of the suspicion of a policeman early to-day as the former hurried along with two bundles. After an examination of the bundles, they were found to contain eighteen \$5 bills and a large number of mail packages. Nolan was immediately taken to a deposit slip on the Floyed Company Bank, of Floyd, Va., showing a credit to A. C. Nolan of \$152, a lot of jewelry and postal cards.

When arrested Nolan wore a mail carrier's cap and carried a mail carrier's bag. Nolan waived examination when arraigned before United States Commissioner Shields, and was held in \$2,000 bail to await the action of the Federal grand jury.

Nolan, who employed Nolan informed a government inspector that Nolan came from Floyd, Va., where he owns considerable property.

RICHARDS FOUND NOT GUILTY

Fifth Trial for the Murder of Francis Results in Acquittal.

SPECIAL TO THE TIMES-DISPATCH. A jury, after twenty minutes deliberation, reached a verdict of not guilty, and John Richards, who has been tried the fifth time for the murder of Morris Francis, was acquitted.

There was no demonstration over the verdict; in fact it was no surprise to many, as the supposition was that there would be a hung jury or acquittal. Richards has been in jail since 1904, and out of five trials there were four hung juries and one verdict for murder in the first degree. Richards left with his brother at once. The case, which has cost the State thousands of dollars in at least at an end, and who the murderer of Morris Francis was is yet a mystery.

Francis was killed while on his way to see Miss Grace Link, his fiancée, to set a date for their wedding. Richards had been a suitor for her hand. The trial of Richards, his father, mother and eldest brother all died of pneumonia within a period of a week, as a result of exposure in attending the trial. The parents died on the same day, but the prisoner was not allowed to attend the funerals for fear of lynching. The case has been one of the most remarkable in the history of Virginia courts.

NATIONAL LEAGUE OF CLUBS

John Hayes Hammond to Devote His Time to This Field.

HOT SPRINGS, VA., August 14.—John Hayes Hammond, the mining engineer and candidate for the vice-presidential nomination at Chicago, will devote his energies during the campaign to making the National League of Clubs, which should be a potent factor in the presidential political controversy. This decision was announced to-day after a series of conferences on the subject.

Candidate Taft had a comparatively quiet day. His opponent, Mr. Taft, and a lengthy talk with Representative Harburn, of Iowa; saw Beekman Winthrop, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; played his usual game of golf and besides dictating many letters, began the preparation of the campaign in the morning, and took a train to the Virginia Republicans.

Mr. Taft was told to-day by W. N. Mitchell, general agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad for Georgia, that although a lifelong Democrat, he should vote for the Republican ticket to advocate the election of the Republican national ticket. This statement was issued by Mr. Vorys for the Taft headquarters here to-day.

MR. CHURCHILL TO WED

To Marry Miss Clementine Hooper, a Charming Girl.

LONDON, August 14.—It is announced that Winston Spencer Churchill, president of the Board of Trade, will marry Clementine, daughter of the late Sir Henry Monague Hooper, who for thirty-two years was secretary of Lloyd's. It is expected that the wedding will take place in about a month at St. Margaret's, Westminster. Miss Hooper is one of the most charming and accomplished girls in London society. Her father was a famous soldier and war correspondent, and her mother a daughter of one of the Earls of Albion.

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URGED TO FORM PRECINCT CLUBS

Call From Headquarters Is Sent to Voters of the Entire Country.

STATE CHAIRMEN ARE INSTRUCTED

Bryan Expects Most Effective Work of Entire Campaign to Be Done Through These Compact and Loyal Bodies of Voters.

CHICAGO, August 14.—A call for the organization of Democratic clubs in every voting precinct in the United States to-day was issued by Mr. Bryan's campaign in the Democratic National Committee. Mr. Bryan, it is said, informed Chairman Mack and other members of the committee that he believed that the Democratic cause would derive its greatest impetus from the formation of these clubs throughout the country. The appeal for club organization was signed by Chairman Mack and John W. Kern, head of the committee on club organization.

Asserting that the Republican party intends to rely on favor-seeking interests, the call for club organization says: "All patriotic citizens, irrespective of party, who stand for the rule of the people and are against the corrupt, undue influence of money in elections, and to that end favor publicity of the larger campaign contributions before the election, as demanded by the Democratic platform, are urged to organize themselves immediately into campaign clubs for the presidential election."

State Chairmen Instructed.

"All organizations in sympathy are expected to actively take part in the work. The chairman of the Democratic State Committee in each State is requested to have each county and precinct committee organize a campaign club in each precinct on or before the first day of September, and to call meetings immediately for that purpose. All existing organizations should meet at once and appoint campaign committees."

"No special form of organization or by-laws is necessary. The chairman of the National Committee, Thomas Taggart, called to-day at headquarters and conferred regarding the campaign's progress. Speaking of Ohio and Indiana, Mr. Taggart said:

"The situation in Indiana, so far as the Democratic party is concerned, is that it has been for twenty years, and there is absolute harmony in the party ranks. Indiana is in the Democratic column without a doubt. The reports that I receive from Ohio are also encouraging, and I shall be surprised to see that the Democrats in that State elect their candidate for Governor and give a majority for the national ticket."

Chairman Mack has given up the plan of returning East the early part of next week, and the Eastern headquarters in New York will not be opened in all probability until about the first of next month.

Thomas Taggart and Urey Woodson, secretary of the Democratic National Committee, left for the East on a late train to-night. At the Democratic headquarters it was announced that the Eastern headquarters had been set up in New York to confer with Eastern Democratic leaders.

BRYAN VERY HAPPY

Cheering News From All Sections Is Brought Him by Leaders.

LINCOLN, COB., August 14.—The prospect of State Chairman W. J. Conners, of New York, that J. Bryan would carry that State, the sending out from Chicago of a number of speakers to various sections of the country by the Democratic National Committee, and the receipt of a number of telegrams and letters of congratulation on the last day of September, and the Democratic nominee for the presidency in a happy frame of mind to-day.

On account of threatening weather, there was only a handful of visitors at Fairview, and this fact afforded Mr. Bryan a rare opportunity to continue work at a lively pace on his speeches to be delivered in the near future elsewhere. No such day of quiet had been experienced at the Bryan home for some time.

Mr. Bryan is awaiting replies to letters sent to different parts of the country in response to invitations to speak before the National League of Clubs, and places which will be included in his forthcoming tour.

It has about been settled, however, that the tour will be given to Ohio, and that the speeches which Mr. Bryan will make will be in the centers where it is deemed they will do the most good. The tour will be in the hands of Chairman Mack, of the national committee.

BRYAN TO CARRY NEW YORK

Chairman Conners Says There Is No Doubt About It.

NEW YORK, August 14.—The Democratic National Committee in a long-nation telegraph this afternoon voted to issue a call for the Democratic State Convention to be held in Rochester September 15th. The committee also adopted unanimously a resolution in favor of the candidacy of William J. Bryan and John W. Kern, and expressing approval of the platform of the Denver convention.

The resolutions were as follows: "The State committee of the Democratic party of the State of New York, in meeting assembled, cordially ratifies, approves and endorses the action of the national convention at Denver in selecting as the standard-bearer of the party in the national campaign William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, and John W. Kern, of Indiana."

"We believe that Mr. Bryan stands out among all the public men of the country as the embodiment of honest integrity, patriotism and the other qualities which go to make up an ideal American statesman, and that in Mr. Kern he has a worthy running mate, and one who stands up well to the great office of Vice-President."

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FORT ON ATLANTIC CITY

Law Will Be Enforced to Break Up Brawl There.

SEAGIRT, N. J., August 14.—Governor Fort to-day issued a statement concerning the moral and social situation in Atlantic City, expositions of which have attracted marked attention recently. The Governor said in part:

"I do not intend to do anything revolutionary, but if action is necessary, it will be in accordance with the strict enforcement of the Constitution and laws of the State."

The Governor continued: "My information from Atlantic City is that the public sentiment there, outside of the hotel and gambling districts, is all in favor of the enforcement of the law."

"I had an interview within the past few days with one of the members of the present grand jury and he assured me that that body would indict, if it were called together, those guilty of conducting gambling-houses and places of ill repute, and the selling of obscene pictures and the like, and he also believed that indictments should be found in the present state of public sentiment for the illegal sale of liquor on Sunday."

"I do not believe that the popularity of the place is due in any sense to any of the illegal practices or to the illegal sale of liquor. Surely the women and children and a vast majority of the men go to that resort for health and pleasure, and so for no such purpose as those interested in these illegal practices would have us believe."

Gambling Dens Are Closed.

ATLANTIC CITY, August 14.—Frightened by the publication of District Attorney Goldenberg relative to protected vice and gambling here, and fearing the effect upon the resort of such revelations, all interests united yesterday in efforts to suppress gambling and make the city above reproach.

A hurried and secret conference was called of all the principal hotel men and managers of the city to take control of the political situation.

Gambling stopped on the stroke of 12 last night, and the lid was clamped down for the night for the first time during the regime of the present management, according to Mr. Goldenberg's own statement.

His detectives, directed by County Detective William Balzell, were sent out to discover what effect the exposure of the gambling situation upon the men and their establishments. The detectives reported to him that every dive, every gambling house, from the palatial clubs to the humble shanties for cheap gaming, had shut down absolutely on the hour of 12.

MAKES REQUIRED SPEED

Captain Baldwin Makes Two Flights, Both Entirely Successful.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 14.—Captain Baldwin to-day fulfilled the second requirement for the acceptance of his military dirigible balloon by making two successful speed trials at Fort Myer. A week ago the airship was accepted, so far as construction is concerned, and to-morrow it is expected that the endurance trial will be made. Captain Baldwin is allowed three flights to fulfill the endurance specifications.

At 6:23 o'clock this evening the dirigible shot across the starting line, headed in a northerly direction. The course followed was a new one, and led the dirigible to the end of the two and a half mile run in sixteen and a half minutes.

It is expected that the average speed for the flight will be found to be sixteen and one-half miles. After replenishing the supply of gasoline, Captain Baldwin made another official speed trial, in order to get a bonus on his contract price of \$750. At 7:10 the airship crossed the starting line the second time. The airship turned for the return trip at 7:15, and made the two and one-half mile run in sixteen and a half minutes. The actual time for the second flight was thirteen and three-quarter minutes. It is believed that the official timers will give the dirigible a bonus of \$100 for the last test at nineteen miles an hour. The contract with the government required that twenty miles an hour be made in order that the contract price be secured. For every mile over twenty made by the dirigible, Baldwin 15 per cent. will be deducted from the contract price.

BALLOON EXPLODES; TWO DIE

Captain Lovelace Burned and His Secretary, Miss Hill, Is Killed.

LONDON, August 14.—Two persons were killed and six injured by an explosion this morning on the grounds of the Franco-British Exposition of the balloon experiment, owned by Captain Lovelace, of the New York Aero Club. Preparations for an ascent were being made when the accident occurred. The cause is supposed to have been the failure of the gas valve, which was operated by Miss Hill, aged eighteen, secretary of Captain Lovelace, was one of the persons killed. She was buried to a cinder.

The other person killed, a man, and the six men who sustained injuries, were thrown violently to the ground. Captain Lovelace's clothes were burned, but otherwise he sustained no injuries.

THOMAS HAS LEG BROKEN

Auto Crashes Into Pleasure Carriage, He Is Seriously Injured.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., August 14.—E. R. Thomas, former banker and race-horse man, was seriously injured here to-night when his automobile struck and wrecked a carriage containing several New Yorkers, who were on their way to the State fair. The carriage was killed outright, the occupants of the carriage were thrown violently to the ground, and Mr. Thomas and his chauffeur were hurled twenty feet to one side of the roadway. Thomas' left leg was broken at the knee.

Dr. Gregory Given Bond.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

ROANOKE, VA., August 14.—Dr. W. S. Gregory was taken before Judge Moffett of the Circuit Court, this morning, and his bail renewed in the same amount as given yesterday, \$10,000. There are nine bondsmen, all prominent citizens, and others offered to go on his bond.

WEATHER.

Fair.

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IRA SANKEY DEAD, BUT NOT HIS SONGS

Widely-Known Singer, Composer and Evangelist Dies in Brooklyn.

HAD BEEN BLIND AND SICK FOR FIVE YEARS

His Gospel Hymns Are Sung in Tongues of Most of Nations of the Earth, and, as an Evangelist, He Ranked with Moody.

Some day the silver cord will break, And I no more shall sing; But O, the joy when I shall wake Within the palace of the King! And I shall see Him face to face, And tell the story—saved by grace! And tell the story—saved by grace! Fanny Crosby's sweet hymn, which was one of Mr. Sankey's favorites.

NEW YORK, August 14.—Ira D. Sankey, known as an evangelist throughout the Christian world, died last night at his home in Brooklyn, but the news of his passing did not become generally known until to-day. Mr. Sankey was sixty-eight years of age. For the last five years he had been blind, and had suffered from a complication of diseases brought on by overwork.

But almost to the very last he worked at hymn-writing. His tours throughout this country and Europe with Dwight L. Moody, the evangelist, brought him into wide prominence. Sankey, it might be said, wrote the gospel hymns of the world. In China, Egypt, India, Japan, in almost every language known to man, Sankey's hymns are sung.

He received a large income from his publications, and leaves considerable of an estate. Among Mr. Sankey's most familiar compositions are "The Ninety and Nine" and "When the Saints Have Rolled Away." His songs are said to have had a circulation of more than 50,000,000 copies.

Rapid Composer.

Mr. Sankey was a rapid composer and wrote book after book of gospel hymns. During the last five years of his life he was interested in preparing and publishing the story of the gospel hymns. At the same time he saved his wonderful voice for posterity by singing into a phonograph. The records were sent all over the world.

Sankey first met Moody at a Y. M. C. A. convention in Indianapolis. Moody was so charmed with the young man's voice that he urged him to accompany him on his evangelistic tours. Sankey explained that he was blind and could not give up his position.

"You must come," said Moody. "I cannot get along without you." Sankey consulted with his wife, and they decided to go with Mr. Moody. They visited Great Britain from 1873 to 1875 and again in 1883, and made many tours throughout the United States.

Strain Was Too Much.

When Mr. Moody died Mr. Sankey felt the loss of his friend. He said that time he tried to conduct the work alone which they had hitherto shared between them, but the task was too great. In 1902 his physical condition compelled him to give up most of his evangelistic engagements, although he continued for some time to compile new series of hymn books. Then came failing eyesight, which speedily developed into total blindness. With the blindness came also a nervous prostration, and he was unable to continue his life's impression became general throughout the country that he was dead.

Story of His Life.

Ira David Sankey was a Pennsylvania boy. He was born in the little town of Edinborough on August 28, 1840. His father, David Sankey, served his State at one time as a member of the Senate. When young Sankey was twenty years of age his parents moved to the nearby city of New Castle, Pa., where the young man became interested in religious work. He got to be class leader in the Methodist Episcopal Church there and later became a member of the Young Men's Christian Association of New Castle also attracted him, and he was for a number of years president of the association branch in that place. Though religious work was congenial to young Sankey during the four or five years preceding the attainment of his majority, the thought of becoming an evangelist never seriously entered the young man's mind. When the sound of the battle drums was heard in the clamorous days of 1861 young Sankey enlisted in the Twelfth Pennsylvania Infantry.

Throughout the period of his enlistment he combined religious work with his military duties and soon became known as a young man whose gospel was righteousness and the doing of good. After serving out his enlistment Mr. Sankey became a deputy in the revenue service under his father, who was a United States revenue collector by appointment of President Lincoln.

Meeting With Moody.

It was not until 1870 that Mr. Sankey met Dwight L. Moody. In that year Mr. Sankey went as a delegate of the Young Men's Christian Association to the international convention of the association, held in Indianapolis. There he met for the first time the two young men whose names were destined to be so famously linked. They were fast friends from the very first, and about six months afterward the two men became associated in the evangelistic work that became so successful. Their first preaching was done in Chicago. The Moody and Sankey services began with a half-hour of song by those assembled, after which Mr. Moody would preach a short sermon.

They would then call upon Mr. Sankey to sing some hymns apropos of the theme upon which he had preached. The magnetic personality of the singer, his full, round voice, and the heart-rending simplicity of the hymns usually

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STORM PORTSMOUTH JAIL

Mob Forces Entrance, but Finds Negroes Had Been Removed.

NORFOLK, VA., August 14.—When a mob of over 300 white men began to organize to-night, about two squares from the Portsmouth jail for the avowed purpose of lynching William King, the negro, who had been arrested and held in the charge of criminally assaulting Mrs. Katharine Powell, Sheriff Cromwell was notified, and the two men were skillfully spirited out of a rear entrance and brought to Norfolk for safekeeping.

King is charged with assaulting Mrs. Powell, who is over seventy years of age, on Monday, August 3d. Smith was identified to-day by Mrs. Powell as the negro who assaulted her last Monday in her Prentiss Place home. King protests his innocence. Smith confessed to-day to having been in the mob and robbing Mrs. Powell of \$5 by force, but denies that there was assault.

The mob at 11:30 congregated on Crawford Street, and refusing to disperse at the order of the police, the first detachment of the city police, that water might be turned on all refusing to obey the order to go home.

The mob shortly after 1 A. M. attacked the jail and succeeded in forcing the doors. They were met by Deputy Sheriff Huxford and a half-score of officers. The mob demanded the cell keys and were refused. The mob was ordered out with the warning that if not obey the officers would open fire.

Major Reed, who was present, ordered a squad of policemen who had arrived to clear the street, and the men charged with drawn weapons and swinging clubs, forcing the crowd back to the hotel. The crowd, however, and the firemen laying hose, prepared to drench the mob. They drew back two squares and again halted. Under instructions of Mayor Reed, the police here took the aggressive, and the crowd was driven back to the hotel. The Mayor, O. Williams and a half-score of negroes, one, George Williams, having a rap, were arrested as ring-leaders. Warrants have been issued for a half-dozen.

At 3 A. M. the crowd had left the vicinity of the jail, and it is reported that they are congregating elsewhere, and intend to march to Norfolk and attack the jail, in the hope of securing the prisoners.

DIED WITH LIPS SEALED

Young Soldier Refused to Tell Who Killed Him—Arrested and Held.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., August 14.—Refusing with his last breath to tell the name of his antagonist, Oscar M. Wagner, a private in Battery F, United States Field Artillery, died this afternoon in the hospital at Fort Monroe from peritonitis, caused by kicks in the abdomen. To-night William Pickett and Frank Rogers, also privates in Battery F, were arrested in connection with the case. It is understood that the charge of murder will be placed against one of the men.

Wagner is said to have been injured in a fight which occurred Thursday afternoon in a Phoenix restaurant. He was rendered unconscious at the time, and was recovered and taken to the fort with his comrades, saying nothing about the affair. Late last night he became ill, and was removed to the hospital, where the surgeons discovered that he had peritonitis. To-day an effort was made to discover who had made the attack upon him, but it failed. The dying soldier persisted to the last in his refusal to answer the questions.

To-night the fort authorities and the county officers went to work on the case. The charge of murder will be placed against one of the men. Wagner was twenty-two years old, and he enlisted in the army from Wyoming. He was a comrade of Battery F, and returned from the war and had been honorably discharged. He expected to return home upon the arrival of his papers from Washington.

TWO ARE ASPHYXIATED

A Dozen, Who Attempted Rescue, Were Overcome by Fumes in Manhole.

NEW YORK, August 14.—Two men were killed and several others injured when they were overcome in a manhole of the Empire City Subway Company to-day by gas from a leaking main. The dead men—Michael Minton and Peter Collins, employees of the company—went down to the manhole for some time, and had filled the conduits with gas. They examined all the manholes from Twenty-third Street up to Forty-fifth before they descended into the fatal one at that point on Eighth Avenue.

When they failed to send up word that they were all right, the men who had started down the manhole to find out the reason. He was quickly driven back by the fumes, and shouted for help. Police reserves, firemen and ambulances were summoned, and eventually a crowd of more than 100 men, tried to rescue the two men. But all efforts were unavailing. Each man in his turn was overcome, and soon had to be drawn back by the rope to which he was attached. A few of those overcome by the fumes were revived on the spot, but the majority had to be taken to a hospital.

LADY FALLS INTO WELL

Tumbles Forty-five Feet, Gets a Drenching, But Not Injured.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

GORDONSVILLE, VA., August 14.—Mrs. Grace Boughan, wife of Mr. Bradley Boughan, of near town, narrowly escaped death by drowning by falling into a well at a United States revenue collector's home, the first anniversary of her wedding.

Rev. G. W. Allman, father of Mrs. Boughan, was laying a new top over the well, which contained a pump, when the daughter stepped on one of the planks to get water. She fell into the bottom of the well, which contained much water. Her father at once plunged in after her and succeeded in reaching her as she rose the first time. She was drawn up by her husband and Mr. Albert Murphy, none the worse for her mishap but a few bruises and the shock.

Mrs. Powell Identified Assailant.

NORFOLK, VA., August 14.—Mrs. Katharine Powell, the aged lady who was assaulted at her home in Prentiss Park Monday morning last, this afternoon shortly before 2